

TEST REPORT

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Report Number: 2601R49433E-RF-22G

Test Standard (s)

ETSI EN 301 908-1 V15.2.1 (2023-01), ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10)

Sample Description

Product Type: Smartphone
Model No.: KINGKONG ES 5
Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A
Trade Mark: CUBOT
Date Received: 2026-03-08
Issue Date: 2026-05-29

Test Result:

Pass▲

▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

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Note: The information marked * is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	2601R49433E-RF-22G	Original Report	2026-05-29

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Frequency Range	LTE Band 1: 1920-1980MHz(TX), 2110-2170MHz(RX) LTE Band 3: 1710-1785MHz(TX), 1805-1880MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz(TX), 2620-2690MHz(RX) LTE Band 8: 880-915MHz(TX), 925-960MHz(RX) LTE Band 20: 832-862MHz(TX), 791-821MHz(RX) LTE Band 28: 703-748MHz(TX), 758-803MHz(RX) LTE Band 38: 2570-2620MHz(TX/RX) LTE Band 40: 2300-2400MHz(TX/RX)
Maximum Transmit Power	LTE Band 1: 23.51dBm LTE Band 3: 24.06dBm LTE Band 7: 23.42dBm LTE Band 8: 24.84dBm LTE Band 20: 23.88dBm LTE Band 28: 24.46dBm LTE Band 38: 23.45dBm LTE Band 40: 21.42dBm
Modulation Technique	UL: QPSK, 16QAM DL: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Voltage Range	DC 5/9V from adapter or DC 3.91V from Battery
Sample serial number	3JPM-5 for Radiated Emissions Test 3JPM-1 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Normal/Extreme Condition[#]	N.V.: Nominal Voltage: 3.91V _{DC} L.V.: Low Voltage: 3.52V _{DC} ; L.T.: Low Temperature -10°C N.V.: Normal Voltage: 4.3V _{DC} ; N.T.: Normal Temperature +25°C H.V.: High Voltage: 4.5V _{DC} ; H.T.: High Temperature +55°C
Adapter Information	Model: TD-203G200170VF01 Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.6A Output: DC 5V/3A, 9V/3A, 12V/2.5A, 15V/2A, 20V/1.5A PPS: 3.3V-16V/2A, 3.3V-11V/3A

Objective

This report is in accordance with ETSI EN 301 908-1 V15.2.1 (2023-01), IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum; Part 1: Introduction and common requirements and ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10), IMT cellular networks; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum; Part 13: Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) User Equipment (UE).

The objective is to determine the EUT compliance with ETSI EN 301 908-1 V15.2.1 (2023-01) and ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) .

Measurement Uncertainty

Item	Parameter	F _{lab}	Maximum allowable uncertainty
1	Transmitter maximum output power	±0.86 dB*	±0,7 dB
2	Transmitter spectrum emissions mask	±1.32 dB	±1,5 dB
3	Transmitter spurious emissions 9 kHz < f ≤ 4 GHz	±1.6 dB	±2,0 dB
4	Transmitter spurious emissions 4 GHz < f ≤ 12,75 GHz	±1.6 dB	±4,0 dB
5	Transmitter Minimum output power	±0.86 dB	±1,0 dB
6	Receiver Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)	±2.8 dB*	±1,1 dB
7	Receiver Blocking characteristics 1 MHz < f _{interferer} ≤ 3 GHz	±1.5 dB*	±1,3 dB
8	Receiver Blocking characteristics 3 GHz < f _{interferer} ≤ 12,75 GHz	±1.5 dB	±3.2 dB
9	Receiver spurious response 1 MHz < f _{interferer} ≤ 3 GHz	±1.5 dB*	±1,3 dB
10	Receiver spurious response 3 GHz < f _{interferer} ≤ 12,75 GHz	±1.5 dB	±3.2 dB
11	Receiver intermodulation characteristics	±1.3 dB	±1,4 dB
12	Receiver spurious emissions 30 MHz < f ≤ 4 GHz	±1.6 dB	±2,0 dB
13	Receiver spurious emissions 4 GHz < f ≤ 12,75 GHz	±1.6 dB	±4,0 dB
14	Transmitter adjacent channel leakage power ratio	±0.8 dB	±0,8 dB
15	Receiver Reference Sensitivity Level f ≤ 4 GHz	±0.6 dB	±0.7 dB
16	Receiver Reference Sensitivity Level 4 GHz < f ≤ 12,75 GHz	±0.6 dB	±1.0 dB

Note 1:

* Test system of laboratory have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in harmonized standard, this equipment can still be used provided that an adjustment is made follows:
any additional uncertainty in the test system over and above that specified in harmonized standard should be used to tighten the test requirements - making the test harder to pass (for some tests, e.g. receiver tests, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure will ensure that a test system not compliant with harmonized standard does not increase the probability of passing an EUT that would otherwise have failed a test if a test system compliant with harmonized standard had been used.

Note 2: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 5F(B-West) , 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing according to EN 301 908-1, EN 301 908-13.

EUT Exercise Software

No exercise software.

Special Accessories

No special accessory.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT.

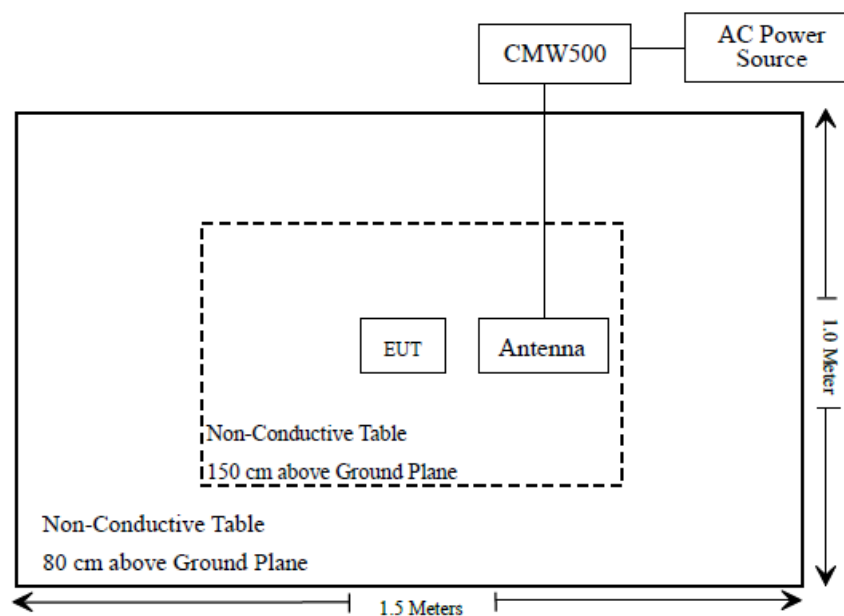
Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	146520

External I/O Cable

Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
/	/	/	/

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

ETSI EN 301 908-1 V15.2.1	Description of Test	Test Result
§4.2.2	Radiated emissions (UE)	Compliant
§4.2.3	Radiated emissions (BS and repeater)	Not Applicable
§4.2.4	Control and monitoring functions (UE)	Compliant

ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1	Description of Test	Test Result
§4.2.2	Transmitter maximum output power	Compliant
§4.2.3	Transmitter spectrum emission mask	Compliant
§4.2.4	Transmitter spurious emissions	Compliant
§4.2.5	Transmitter minimum output power	Compliant
§4.2.6	Receiver Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)	Compliant
§4.2.7	Receiver blocking characteristics	Compliant
§4.2.8	Receiver spurious response	Compliant
§4.2.9	Receiver intermodulation characteristics	Compliant
§4.2.10	Receiver spurious emissions	Compliant
§4.2.11	Transmitter Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio	Compliant
§4.2.12	Receiver Reference Sensitivity Level	Compliant
§4.2.13	Receiver Total Radiated Sensitivity (TRS)	Not Applicable*
§4.2.14	Total Radiated Power (TRP)	Not Applicable*

Not Applicable: The device not a BS and repeater.

Not Applicable*: The requirement applies to handheld phones/DUTs that are wider than or equal to 56 mm and narrower than or equal to 72 mm. The width of EUT is 86mm.

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emissions Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310 N	186238	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2023/07/20	2026/07/19
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A1	Cable A1	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A2	Cable A2	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
TDK	Chamber	Chamber A	2#	2023/07/12	2026/07/11
COM-POWER	Dipole Antenna	3121C	9209-860	NCR	NCR
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101605	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
A.H.System	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	489	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D (1201)	1143	2023/07/26	2026/07/25
The Electro-Mechanics Co.	Horn Antenna	3115	9107-3694	2024/06/06	2027/06/05
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B1	Cable B1	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B2	Cable B2	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B3	Cable B3	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5183A	MY50140588	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
JD	Filter Switch Unit	DT7220FSU	DS79906	2025/08/12	2026/08/11
JD	Multiplex Switch Test Control Set	DT7220SCU	DS79903	2025/08/12	2026/08/11
TDK	Chamber	Chamber B	1#	2023/07/14	2026/07/13

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101942	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
BACL	High Low TEMP Test Chamber	BTH-150-40	30144	2025/09/11	2026/09/10
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	146520	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
JD	JD Auto Test software	NA	1.0.0.3769	NCR	NCR
Keysight	MXA Signal Analyzer	N9020A	MY48490106	2025/7/29	2026/7/29
Keysight	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53051503	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5183A	MY50140588	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
instek	DC Power Supply	GPS-3030DD	EM832096	NCR	NCR
Fluke	Digital Multimeter	287	19000011	2025/04/29	2026/04/28
Unknown	RF Cable	Cable RF2	Cable RF2	2025/09/17	2026/09/16
Unknown	RF Cable	Cable RF3	Cable RF3	2025/09/17	2026/09/16
Unknown	3dB Attenuator	Unknown	F-03-EM220	2025/06/26	2026/06/25
HP	Power Splitter	11667A	1610A	2025/06/26	2026/06/25
JD	Multi-channel power acquisition unit	DT2400MPS	DS78928	2025/11/03	2026/11/02
JD	Switching control unit	DT2400MCU	DS78925	2025/11/03	2026/11/02

*** Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

REQUIREMENTS AND TEST PROCEDURES

Radiated emissions (UE)

Applicable Standard

This test assesses the ability of radio communications equipment and ancillary equipment to limit unwanted emissions from the enclosure port.

This test is applicable to radio communications equipment and ancillary equipment, except for NR UE operating in FR2.

NOTE: For NR UE operating in FR2, the radiated emission is covered by radiated spurious emission requirement in ETSI EN 301 908-25 [i.12].

This test shall be performed on the radio communications equipment and/or a representative configuration of the ancillary equipment.

Limit

The frequency boundary and reference bandwidths for the detailed transitions of the limits between the requirements for out-of-band emissions and spurious emissions are based on Recommendations ITU-R SM.329-12 [1] and SM.1539-1 [i.6].

The requirements shown in table 4.2.2.2-1 are only applicable for frequencies in the spurious domain.

Table 4.2.2.2-1: Radiated spurious emissions requirements (UE)

Frequency	Minimum requirement (e.r.p.)/ reference bandwidth idle mode	Minimum requirement (e.r.p.)/ reference bandwidth traffic mode	Applicability
$30 \text{ MHz} \leq f < 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$	-57 dBm/100 kHz	-36 dBm/100 kHz	All
$1 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 12,75 \text{ GHz}$	-47 dBm/1 MHz	-30 dBm/1 MHz	All
$12,75 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 5^{\text{th}}$ harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the Uplink operating band in GHz	-47 dBm/1 MHz	-30 dBm/1 MHz	All (note 3)
$12,75 \text{ GHz} < f < 26 \text{ GHz}$	-47 dBm/1 MHz	-30 dBm/1 MHz	All (note 4)
$f_c - 2,5 \times 5 \text{ MHz} < f < f_c + 2,5 \times 5 \text{ MHz}$ (note 1 and note 2)	Not defined	Not defined	UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD, 3,84 Mcps option, cdma2000, spreading rate 3
$f_c - 2,5 \times \text{BW}_{\text{Channel}} \text{ MHz} < f < f_c + 2,5 \times \text{BW}_{\text{Channel}} \text{ MHz}$ (note 1 and note 2)	Not defined	Not defined	E-UTRA FDD, E-UTRA TDD, Mobile WiMAX™
$f_c - (1,5 \times \text{BW}_{\text{Channel}} + 5) \text{ MHz} < f < f_c + (1,5 \times \text{BW}_{\text{Channel}} + 5) \text{ MHz}$ (note 1)	Not defined	Not defined	NR operating in FR1
$f_c - 2,5 \times 10 \text{ MHz} < f < f_c + 2,5 \times 10 \text{ MHz}$ (note 1 and note 2)	Not defined	Not defined	UTRA TDD, 7,68 Mcps option
$f_c - 4 \text{ MHz} < f < f_c + 4 \text{ MHz}$ (note 1 and note 2)	Not defined	Not defined	UTRA TDD, 1,28 Mcps option cdma2000, spreading rate 1
NOTE 1: f_c is the UE transmit centre frequency.			
NOTE 2: This frequency range is not in the spurious domain, no requirement is then defined for this frequency range.			
NOTE 3: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the Uplink Band more than 2,69 GHz.			
NOTE 4: Applies for Band that the upper frequency edge of the Uplink Band more than 5,2 GHz.			

Test configurations

The equipment shall be tested under normal test conditions;

The test configuration shall be as close to normal intended use as possible;

If the equipment is part of a system, or can be connected to ancillary equipment, then it shall be acceptable to test the equipment while connected to the minimum configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports;

If the equipment has a large number of ports, then a sufficient number shall be selected to simulate actual operation conditions and to ensure that all the different types of termination are tested;

The test conditions, test configuration and mode of operation shall be recorded in the test report; ports which in normal operation are connected shall be connected to an ancillary equipment or to a representative piece of cable correctly terminated to simulate the input/output characteristics of the ancillary equipment, RF input/output ports shall be correctly terminated;

Ports that are not connected to cables during normal operation, e.g. service connectors, programming connectors; temporary connectors, etc. Shall not be connected to any cables for the purpose of this test. Where cables have to be connected to these ports, or interconnecting cables have to be extended in length in order to exercise the EUT, precautions shall be taken to ensure that the evaluation of the EUT is not affected by the addition or extension of these cables:

Emission tests shall be performed in two modes of operation:

With a communication link established (traffic mode); and

In the idle mode;

The traffic mode configuration which uses the UE maximum output power for testing shall be declared by the manufacturer.

Ancillary equipment shall be tested with it connected to a UE in which case compliance shall be demonstrated to the appropriate clauses of the present document.

Control and monitoring functions (UE)

Applicable Standard

This requirement, together with other control and monitoring technical requirements identified in the table of cross references in the applicable part, verifies that the control and monitoring functions of the UE prevent it from transmitting in the absence of a valid network.

This test is applicable to radio communications equipment and ancillary equipment in the operating band defined in the applicable part of this multi-part harmonised standard.

This test shall be performed on the radio communications equipment and/or a representative configuration of the ancillary equipment.

Limit

For NR UE operating in FR2, the maximum measured radiated power during the duration of the test shall not exceed -13 dBm.

For any other UE (including NR UE operating in FR1), the maximum measured power during the duration of the test shall not exceed -30 dBm.

Test method

a) At the start of the test, the UE shall be switched off. The UE antenna connector shall be connected to a power measuring equipment, with the following characteristics:

The RF bandwidth shall exceed the total operating transmit frequency range of the UE for operation with an applicable part;

The response time of the power measuring equipment shall be such that the measured power has reached within 1 dB of its steady state value within 100 μ s of a CW signal being applied;

It shall record the maximum power measured.

NOTE: The equipment may include a video low pass filter to minimize its response to transients or Gaussian noise peaks.

b) The UE shall be switched on for a period of approximately fifteen minutes, and then switched off.

c) The EUT shall remain switched off for a period of at least thirty seconds, and shall then be switched on for a period of approximately one minute.

d) The maximum power emitted from the UE throughout the duration of the test shall be recorded.

The results obtained shall be compared to the limits in clause 4.2.4.2 in order to prove compliance.

Transmitter maximum output power

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.2.1, Transmitter maximum output power for Single Carrier:

The following UE Power Classes define the maximum output power for any transmission bandwidth within the channel bandwidth. The period of measurement shall be at least one sub-frame (1 ms).

Limits

The UE maximum output power shall be within the shown value in table 4.2.2.1.2-1.

Table 4.2.2.1.2-1: UE power classes

E-UTRA Band	Power Class 3	
	Lower Limit (dBm)	Upper Limit (dBm)
1	20,3	25,7
3	20,3 (see note)	25,7
7	20,3 (see note)	25,7
8	20,3 (see note)	25,7
20	20,3 (see note)	25,0
22	18,5	26,0
28	19,8	25,0
31	20,3	25,7
33	20,3	25,7
34	20,3	25,7
38	20,3	25,7
40	20,3	25,0
41	20,3	25,7
42	19,0	26,0
43	19,0	26,0
65	20,3	25,7
68	20,3	25,7
72	20,3	25,7
87	20,3	25,7
88	20,3	25,7
NOTE: For transmission bandwidths (ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 5) confined within F_{UL_low} and $F_{UL_low} + 4$ MHz or $F_{UL_high} - 4$ MHz and F_{UL_high} , the maximum output power requirement applies by reducing the lower limit by 1,5 dB.		

NOTE: These requirements do not take into account the maximum power reductions allowed to the UE subject to certain transmission conditions specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3], clauses 6.2.3 and 6.2.4.

Test Condition

Test environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; as specified in TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Channel bandwidths to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §5.3.1.

Transmitter spectrum emission mask

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.3.1, Transmitter spectrum emission mask for Single Carrier:

The spectrum emission mask of the UE applies to frequencies (Δf_{OoB}) starting from the \pm edge of the assigned E-UTRA channel bandwidth

Limit

The power of any UE emission shall fulfil requirements in tables from 4.2.3.1.2-1 to 4.2.3.1.2-3.

Table 4.2.3.1.2-1: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask, E UTRA bands ≤ 3 GHz

Δf_{OoB} (MHz)	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	Measurement bandwidth
0 to 1	-8,5	-11,5	-13,5	-16,5	-18,5	-19,5	30 kHz
1 to 2,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	1 MHz
2,5 to 2,8	-23,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	1 MHz
2,8 to 5		-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	-8,5	1 MHz
5 to 6		-23,5	-11,5	-11,5	-11,5	-11,5	1 MHz
6 to 10			-23,5	-11,5	-11,5	-11,5	1 MHz
10 to 15				-23,5	-11,5	-11,5	1 MHz
15 to 20					-23,5	-11,5	1 MHz
20 to 25						-23,5	1 MHz

NOTE 1: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf_{OoB} equals to 0,015 MHz and 0,985 MHz.
 NOTE 2: The first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter for 1 MHz - 2,5 MHz offset range is at Δf_{OoB} equals to 1,5 MHz and 2,0 MHz. Similarly for other Δf_{OoB} ranges.
 NOTE 3: The measurements shall be performed above the upper edge of the channel and below the lower edge of the channel.
 NOTE 4: For the 2,5 MHz - 2,8 MHz offset range with 1,4 MHz channel bandwidth, the measurement position is at Δf_{OoB} equals to 3 MHz.

Table 4.2.3.1.2-2: General E-UTRA spectrum emission mask, 3 GHz < E-UTRA bands $\leq 4,2$ GHz

Δf_{OoB} (MHz)	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)/Channel bandwidth						Measurement bandwidth
	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
0 to 1	-8,2	-11,2	-13,2	-16,2	-18,2	-19,2	30 kHz
1 to 2,5	-8,2	-8,2	-8,2	-8,2	-8,2	-8,2	1 MHz
2,5 to 2,8	-23,2						1 MHz
2,8 to 5		-23,2	-11,2	-11,2	-11,2	-11,2	1 MHz
5 to 6							1 MHz
6 to 10			-23,2	-23,2	-23,2	-23,2	1 MHz
10 to 15							1 MHz
15 to 20					-23,2	-23,2	1 MHz
20 to 25							1 MHz

NOTE 1: The first and last measurement position with a 30 kHz filter is at Δf_{OoB} equals to 0,015 MHz and 0,985 MHz.
 NOTE 2: At the boundary of spectrum emission limit, the first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is the inside of +0,5 MHz and -0,5 MHz, respectively.
 NOTE 3: The measurements shall be performed above the upper edge of the channel and below the lower edge of the channel.
 NOTE 4: For the 2,5 MHz to 2,8 MHz offset range with 1,4 MHz channel bandwidth, the measurement position is at Δf_{OoB} equals to 3 MHz.

Table 4.2.3.1.2-3: Additional spectrum emission mask (network signalled value "NS_01")

E-UTRA band	Frequency range	Channel Bandwidth	Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement Bandwidth
20	863 MHz $\leq f \leq$ 867 MHz	10 MHz (note 2)	-11,5	1 MHz
	867 MHz $\leq f \leq$ 870 MHz	10 MHz (note 2)	-14,5	1 MHz

NOTE 1: At the boundary of spectrum emission limit, the first and last measurement position with a 1 MHz filter is the inside of +0,5 MHz and -0,5 MHz, respectively.
 NOTE 2: The conformance shall be assessed at test frequency 857 MHz with 50 RB allocation.

NOTE: The values in table 4.2.3.1.2-3 are for conformance testing and can therefore be considered as worst case values. For coexistence studies different values can be used, because effects such as partial spectrum allocation or hand/head attenuation may result in lower OOB emissions during typical LTE UE usage (see [i.11]).

Test Condition

Test environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range and high range; as specified in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Channel bandwidths to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz, 10 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §5.3.2.

Transmitter spurious emissions

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.4.1, Transmitter spurious emissions for Single Carrier:

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions. The spurious emission limits are specified in terms of general requirements in line with Recommendation ITU-R SM.329-12 [i.4] and E-UTRA operating band requirement to address UE co-existence.

To improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

Limits

The spurious emission limits in table 4.2.4.1.2-2 apply for the frequency ranges that are more than Δf_{OOB} (MHz) from the edge of the channel bandwidth shown in table 4.2.4.1.2-1.

The measured average power of spurious emission for general requirements shall not exceed the described values in table 4.2.4.1.2-2.

The measured average power of spurious emission for E-UTRA operating band specific requirements to protected bands shall not exceed the described values in tables 4.2.4.1.2-3 and 4.2.4.1.2-6.

Table 4.2.4.1.2-1: Δf_{OOB} boundary between E-UTRA channel and spurious emission domain

Channel bandwidth	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Δf_{OOB} (MHz)	2,8	6	10	15	20	25

Table 4.2.4.1.2-2: General spurious emissions limits

Frequency range	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth	Comment
$9 \text{ kHz} \leq f < 150 \text{ kHz}$	-36 dBm	1 kHz	
$150 \text{ kHz} \leq f < 30 \text{ MHz}$	-36 dBm	10 kHz	
$30 \text{ MHz} \leq f < 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$	-36 dBm	100 kHz	
$1 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 12,75 \text{ GHz}$	-30 dBm	1 MHz	
$12,75 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 5^{\text{th}}$ harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	See note
NOTE: Shall apply for Band 22, 42 and Band 43.			

NOTE 1: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

The additional requirements in table 4.2.4.1.2-3 apply for the frequency ranges that are more and less than Δf_{OoB} (MHz) from the edge of the channel bandwidth shown in table 4.2.4.1.2-1.

**Table 4.2.4.1.2-3: Spurious emission band UE co-existence limits
(network signalled value "NS_01")**

E-UTRA Band	Spurious emission					
	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Comment
1	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 34	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	Frequency range	1 895	-	1 915	-15,5	5
	Frequency range	1 915	-	1 920	+1,6	5
3	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 3	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
7	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	Frequency range	2 570	-	2 575	+1,6	5
	Frequency range	2 575	-	2 595	-15,5	5
	Frequency range	2 595	-	2 620	-40	1
8	E-UTRA Band 1, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 3, 41	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 7	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 8	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 22, 42, 43	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
20	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 22, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 20	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 38, 42	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	Frequency range	758	-	788	-50	1
22	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	Frequency range	3 510	-	3 525	-40	1
	Frequency range	3 525	-	3 590	-50	1
28	E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 8, 20, 31, 34, 38, 41, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 1, 22, 32, 42, 43, 65	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 1	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	Frequency range	758	-	773	-32	1
	Frequency range	773	-	803	-50	1
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8
31	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 3	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
33	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 65, 67, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 3	$F_{\text{DL_low}}$	-	$F_{\text{DL_high}}$	-50	1

E-UTRA Band	Spurious emission						
	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)			Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Comment
34	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 65, 67, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	Note 9
38	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 42, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	2 620	-	2 645	-15,5	5	Notes 3, 5
	Frequency range	2 645	-	2 690	-40	1	Notes 3, 5
40	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 41, 42, 43, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1 884,5	-	1 915,7	-41	0,3	
	Frequency range	1 475	-	1 518	-50	1	
	Frequency range	3 300	-	4 200	-50	1	
	Frequency range	4 400	-	5 000	-50	1	Note 2
41	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 8, 28, 34, 40, 42, 65,	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1 884,5		1 915,7	-41	0,3	Note 30
42	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	Frequency range	1884.5	-	1915.7	-41	0.3	
43	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 65, 67, 68, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
65	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 38, 40, 42, 43, 65, 68, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	Note 3
	E-UTRA Band 5, 11, 18, 19, 21, 26, 27, 41	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 34	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	Note 36
	Frequency range	1 884,5	-	1 915,7	-41	0,3	Note 37
	Frequency range	1 900	-	1 915	-15,5	5	Notes 3, 8
	Frequency range	1 915	-	1 920	+1,6	5	Notes 3, 8
68	E-UTRA Band 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 38, 40, 42, 43, 65, 72, 87, 88	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 1	F _{DL_low}	-	F _{DL_high}	-50	1	Note 2
72	E-UTRA Band 1, 7, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 42, 43, 47, 52, 65, 68, 72, 87, 88	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	
	E-UTRA Band 3, 8, 40	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1	Note 2
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8	

E-UTRA Band	Spurious emission					
	Protected band	Frequency range (MHz)		Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)	Comment
87	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 47, 52, 65, 68, 72	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band, 20	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 87, 88	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8
88	E-UTRA Band 1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 38, 40, 42, 43, 47, 52, 65, 68, 72	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 87	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	E-UTRA Band 88	FDL_low	-	FDL_high	-50	1
	Frequency range	470	-	694	-42	8
NOTE 1: F _{DL_low} and F _{DL_high} refer to each frequency range of the protected E-UTRA band.						
NOTE 2: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirements defined in table 4.2.4.1.2-2 are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 2 nd , 3 rd or 4 th harmonic spurious emissions. Due to spreading of the harmonic emission, the exception shall be allowed for the first 1 MHz frequency range immediately outside the harmonic emission on both sides of the harmonic emission. This results in an overall exception interval centred at the harmonic emission of (2 MHz + N x L _{CRB} x 180 kHz), where N is 2, 3, 4 for the 2 nd , 3 rd or 4 th harmonic respectively. The exception is allowed if the measurement bandwidth (MBW) totally or partially overlaps the overall exception interval.						
NOTE 3: These requirements shall also apply for the frequency ranges that are less than Δf _{OOB} (MHz) in table 4.2.4.1.2-1 from the edge of the channel bandwidth.						
NOTE 4: This requirement shall be applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2 500 MHz to 2 570 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2 560,5 MHz to 2 562,5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2 552 MHz to 2 560 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.						
NOTE 5: This requirement shall be applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 2 570 MHz to 2 615 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2 605,5 MHz to 2 607,5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 2 597 MHz to 2 605 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.						
For carriers with channel bandwidth overlapping the frequency range 2 615 MHz to 2 620 MHz the requirement shall apply with the maximum output power configured to +19 dBm.						
NOTE 6: As exceptions, measurements with a level up to the applicable requirement of -36 dBm/MHz are permitted for each assigned E-UTRA carrier used in the measurement due to 3 rd harmonic spurious emissions. An exception is allowed if there is at least one individual RB within the transmission bandwidth (see figure 5.4.2-1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]) for which the 3 rd harmonic totally or partially overlaps the Measurement Bandwidth (MBW).						
NOTE 7: This requirement shall be applicable in the case of a 10 MHz E-UTRA carrier confined within 703 MHz and 733 MHz, otherwise the requirement of -25 dBm with a measurement bandwidth of 8 MHz applies.						
NOTE 8: This requirement shall be applicable for any channel bandwidths within the range 1 920 MHz to 1 980 MHz with the following restriction: for carriers of 15 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1 927,5 MHz to 1 929,5 MHz and for carriers of 20 MHz bandwidth when carrier centre frequency is within the range 1 930 MHz to 1 938 MHz the requirement is applicable only for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to 54 RB.						
NOTE 9: For non-synchronized TDD operation to meet these requirements some restrictions will be needed for either the operating band or protected band.						
NOTES 10 to 18: N/A.						
NOTE 19: Applicable when the assigned E-UTRA carrier is confined within 718 MHz and 748 MHz and when the channel bandwidth used is 5 or 10 MHz.						
NOTES 20 to 29: N/A.						
NOTE 30: This requirement applies when the E-UTRA carrier is confined within 2 545 MHz to 2 575 MHz or 2 595 MHz to 2 645 MHz and the channel bandwidth is 10 or 20 MHz						
NOTES 31 to 35: N/A.						
NOTE 36: This requirement is applicable for E-UTRA channel bandwidth allocated within 1 920 MHz to 1 980 MHz.						
NOTE 37: Applicable when the upper edge of the channel bandwidth frequency is greater than 1 980 MHz.						
NOTES 38 to 41: N/A.						
NOTE 42: For category NB1 and NB2 UE when carrier centre frequency is 1 920,1 MHz, in case of single-tone uplink transmission the requirement is applicable only for sub-carrier index > 2.						

NOTE 2: For measurement conditions at the edge of each frequency range, the lowest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the lowest boundary of the frequency range plus MBW/2. The highest frequency of the measurement position in each frequency range should be set at the highest boundary of the frequency range minus MBW/2. MBW denotes the measurement bandwidth defined for the protected band.

Table 4.2.4.1.2-4: Additional spurious emissions limits (network signalled value "NS_01")

E-UTRA band	Protected Frequency range	Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)
20	$470 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 790 \text{ MHz}$	-65	8 MHz
NOTE: The conformance shall be assessed using the measurement position placed at the following centre frequencies: 474 MHz, 586 MHz, 690 MHz, 754 MHz, 770 MHz and 786 MHz.			

Table 4.2.4.1.2-5: Additional spurious emissions limits (network signalled value "NS_22")

E-UTRA band	Protected Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth/ Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)
		5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	
42, 43	3 400 ≤ f ≤ 3 800	-23 (note 1)	5 MHz
		-40 (note 2)	1 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall apply within an offset between 5 MHz and 25 MHz from the lower and from the upper edge of the channel bandwidth.			
NOTE 2: This requirement shall apply from 3 400 MHz up to 25 MHz below the lower E-UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz above the upper E-UTRA channel edge up to 3 800 MHz.			

Table 4.2.4.1.2-6: Additional spurious emissions limits (network signalled value "NS_23")

E-UTRA band	Protected Frequency range (MHz)	Channel bandwidth/ Maximum Level (dBm)	MBW (MHz)
		5, 10, 15, 20 MHz	
42, 43	3 400 ≤ f ≤ 3 800	-23 (note 1)	5 MHz
		-40 (note 2)	1 MHz
NOTE 1: This requirement shall apply within an offset between 5 MHz + F _{offset_NS_23} and 25 + F _{offset_NS_23} MHz from the lower and from the upper edge of the channel bandwidth.			
NOTE 2: This requirement shall apply from 3 400 MHz up to 25 + F _{offset_NS_23} MHz below the lower E-UTRA channel edge and from 25 MHz above the upper E-UTRA channel edge up to 3 800 MHz.			
NOTE 3: F _{offset_NS_23} is: 0 MHz for 5 MHz channel BW, 5 MHz for 10 MHz channel BW, 9 MHz for 15 MHz channel BW, and 12 MHz for 20 MHz channel BW.			

Table 4.2.4.1.2-7: Additional spurious emissions limits (network signalled value "NS_36")

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel bandwidth / Spectrum emission limit (dBm)	Measurement bandwidth
	5 MHz, 10 MHz and 15 MHz	
$470 \leq f \leq 694$	-42	8 MHz
NOTE: For a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier confined within 698 MHz and 703 MHz, this requirement shall be met in normal conditions only. The requirement in extreme conditions is -30 dBm.		

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range, high range; see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidth to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 6.6.3.1.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Send continuously Up power control commands in the uplink scheduling information to the UE until the UE transmits at PUMAX level.

For each applicable requirement in tables from 4.2.4.1.2-2 to 4.2.4.1.2-6; measure the power of the transmitted signal with a measurement filter of bandwidths. The center frequency of the filter shall be stepped in contiguous steps according to the tables. The measured power shall be verified for each step. The measurement period shall capture the active time slots.

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths and operating bands.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses 6.6.3.1, 6.6.3.2 and 6.6.3.3.

Transmitter minimum output power

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.5.1, Transmitter minimum output power for Single Carrier:

The minimum controlled output power of the UE is defined as the broadband transmit power of the UE, i.e. the power in the channel bandwidth for all transmit bandwidth configurations (resource blocks), when the power is set to a minimum value.

Limits

The minimum output power measured shall not exceed the values specified in table 4.2.5.1.2-1.

Table 4.2.5.1.2-1: Minimum output power

	Channel bandwidth/minimum output power/measurement bandwidth					
	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Minimum output power	For carrier frequency $f \leq 3,0$ GHz: ≤ -39 dBm For carrier frequency $3,0$ GHz $< f \leq 4,2$ GHz: $\leq -38,7$ dBm					
Measurement bandwidth	1,08 MHz	2,7 MHz	4,5 MHz	9,0 MHz	13,5 MHz	18 MHz

Test Condition

Initial conditions are a set of test configurations the UE needs to be tested in and the steps for the SS to take with the UE to reach the correct measurement state.

The initial test configurations consist of environmental conditions, test frequencies, and channel bandwidths based on E-UTRA operating bands specified in table 5.4.2.1-1. All of these configurations shall be tested with applicable test parameters for each channel bandwidth, and are shown in table 6.3.2.4.1-1. The details of the uplink reference measurement channels (RMCs) are specified in Annexes A.2. Configurations of PDSCH and PDCCH before measurement are specified in Annex C.2.

Table 6.3.2.4.1-1: Test Configuration Table

Initial Conditions					
Test Environment as specified in TS 36.508[7] subclause 4.1		Normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH			
Test Frequencies as specified in TS36.508 [7] subclause 4.3.1		Low range, Mid range, High range			
Test Channel Bandwidths as specified in TS 36.508 [7] subclause 4.3.1		Lowest, 5MHz, Highest			
Test Parameters for Channel Bandwidths					
	Downlink Configuration		Uplink Configuration		
Ch BW	N/A for min output power test		Mod'n	RB allocation	
				FDD	TDD
1.4MHz			QPSK	6	6
3MHz			QPSK	15	15
5MHz			QPSK	25	25
10MHz			QPSK	50	50
15MHz			QPSK	75	75
20MHz			QPSK	100	100
Note 1: Test Channel Bandwidths are checked separately for each E-UTRA band, the applicable channel bandwidths are specified in Table 5.4.2.1-1.					

Test Environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range and high range; see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidths to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth, as specified in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 6.3.2.1.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload and no loopback data to send the UE sends uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Send continuous uplink power control "down" commands in the uplink scheduling information to the UE to ensure that the UE transmits at its minimum output power.

Measure the mean power of the UE in the associated measurement bandwidth specified in table 4.5.2.1-1 for the specific channel bandwidth under test. The period of measurement shall be the continuous duration of one sub-frame (1 ms). For TDD slots with transient periods are not under test.

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths, operating bands and environmental conditions.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 6.3.2.

Receiver Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.6,

Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS) is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive an E-UTRA signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

Limits

The throughput R_{av} shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] under the conditions specified in table 4.2.6.1.2-2 and also under the conditions specified in table 4.2.6.1.2-3.

Table 4.2.6.1.2-1: Adjacent channel selectivity

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
ACS	dB	33,0	33,0	33,0	33,0	30	27

Table 4.2.6.1.2-2: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 1

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	REFSENS + 14 dB					
$P_{\text{Interferer}}$	dBm	REFSENS +45,5 dB	REFSENS +45,5 dB	REFSENS +45,5 dB	REFSENS +45,5 dB	REFSENS +42,5 dB	REFSENS +39,5 dB
$BW_{\text{Interferer}}$	MHz	1,4	3	5	5	5	5
$F_{\text{Interferer (offset)}}$	MHz	1,4025	3,0075	5,0025	7,5075	10,0125	12,5025
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ or $P_{\text{CMAX_L_CA}}$ as defined in clause 6.2.5 in ETSI TS 136 101 [3].							
NOTE 2: The interferer shall consist of the Reference measurement channel specified in clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with set-up according to clause C.3.1 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 3: REFSENS as defined in clause 7.3.3 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 4: For DL category M1 UE, the reference sensitivity for category M1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3EA-1 and 7.3EA-2 should be used as REFSENS for the power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration and $P_{\text{Interferer}}$.							
NOTE 5: For DL category M1 UE, the parameters for the applicable channel bandwidth apply.							

Table 4.2.6.1.2-3: Test parameters for Adjacent channel selectivity, Case 2

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	-56,5	-56,5	-56,5	-56,5	-53,5	-50,5
$P_{\text{Interferer}}$	dBm	-25					
$BW_{\text{Interferer}}$	MHz	1,4	3	5	5	5	5
$F_{\text{Interferer (offset)}}$	MHz	1,4025	3,0075	5,0025	7,5075	10,0125	12,5025
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 24 dB below $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ or $P_{\text{CMAX_L_CA}}$ as defined in clause 6.2.5 in ETSI TS 136 101 [3].							
NOTE 2: The interferer shall consist of the Reference measurement channel specified in clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with set-up according to clause C.3.1 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidth to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS and interfering source to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL and DL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.5.4.1-1.

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS transmits PDSCH via PDCCH DCI format 1A for C_RNTI to transmit the DL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.5.4.1-1. The SS sends downlink MAC padding bits on the DL RMC.

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.5.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Set the Downlink signal level to the value as defined in table 4.2.6.1.2-2 (Case 1). Send Uplink power control commands to the UE (less or equal to 1 dB step size should be used), to ensure that the UE output power is within +0, -3,4 dB of the target level in table 4.2.6.1.2-2 (Case 1) for carrier frequency $f \leq 3,0$ GHz or within +0, -4,0 dB of the target level for carrier frequency $3,0 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 4,2 \text{ GHz}$, for at least the duration of the Throughput measurement (obtain correct UE output power as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]).

Set the Interferer signal level to the value as defined in table 4.2.6.1.2-2 (Case 1) and frequency below the wanted signal, using a modulated interferer as defined in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], annex C.

Measure the average throughput for a duration sufficient to achieve statistical significance according to clause G.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Set the Downlink signal level to the value as defined in table 4.2.6.1.2-3 (Case 2). Send Uplink power control commands to the UE (less or equal to 1 dB step size should be used), to ensure that the UE output power is within +0, -3,4 dB of the target level in table 4.2.6.1.2-3 (Case 2) for carrier frequency $f \leq 3,0$ GHz or within +0, -4,0 dB of the target level for carrier frequency $3,0 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 4,2 \text{ GHz}$, for at least the duration of the throughput measurement (obtain correct UE output power as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]).

Set the Interferer signal level to the value as defined in table 4.2.6.1.2-3 (Case 2) and frequency below the wanted signal, using a modulated interferer as defined in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], annex C.

Measure the average throughput for a duration sufficient to achieve statistical significance according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], annex G.

Repeat for applicable channel bandwidths in both Case 1 and Case 2.

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths and operating bands.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 7.5.

Receiver blocking characteristics

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.7:

The blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels, without this unwanted input signal causing a degradation of the performance of the receiver beyond a specified limit. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

Limit

With parameters specified in tables 4.2.7.1.2-1 and 4.2.7.1.2-2, the throughput shall be ≥ 95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

With parameters specified in tables 4.2.7.1.2-3 and 4.2.7.1.2-4, the throughput shall be ≥ 95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], except for the spurious response frequencies.

For table 4.2.7.1.2-4 in frequency ranges 1, 2 and 3, up to $\max(24,6 \cdot [N_{RB}/6])$ exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1 MHz step size, where N_{RB} is the number of resource blocks in the downlink transmission bandwidth configuration. For these exceptions the requirements of clause 4.2.8.1 Spurious response are applicable.

With parameters specified in table 4.2.7.1.2-5, the throughput shall be ≥ 95 % of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Table 4.2.7.1.2-1: In-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
		6	6	6	6	7	9
$BW_{\text{interferer}}$	MHz	1,4	3	5	5	5	5
$F_{\text{offset, case 1}}$	MHz	2,1125	4,5075	7,5125	7,5025	7,5075	7,5125
$F_{\text{offset, case 2}}$	MHz	3,5075	7,5075	12,5075	12,5125	12,5025	12,5075
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below $P_{\text{CMAX,L}}$ at the minimum uplink configuration specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3] (table 7.3.1-2 with $P_{\text{CMAX,L}}$ as defined in clause 6.2.5).							
NOTE 2: The interferer shall consist of the Reference measurement channel specified in clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with a set-up according to clause C.3.1 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 3: REFSENS as defined in clause 7.3.3 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 4: For DL category M1 UE, the reference sensitivity for category M1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], tables 7.3EA-1 and 7.3EA-2 should be used as REFSENS for the power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration.							
NOTE 5: For DL category M1 UE, the parameters for the applicable channel bandwidth apply.							

Table 4.2.7.1.2-2: In-band blocking

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units	Case 1	Case 2
	$P_{\text{Interferer}}$	dBm	-56	-44
	$F_{\text{Interferer}}$ (Offset)	MHz	$= -BW/2 - F_{\text{offset, case 1}}$ and $= +BW/2 + F_{\text{offset, case 1}}$	$\leq -BW/2 - F_{\text{offset, case 2}}$ and $\geq +BW/2 + F_{\text{offset, case 2}}$
1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 65, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{Interferer}}$	MHz	(note 2)	$F_{\text{DL_low}} - 15$ to $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 15$

NOTE 1: For certain bands, the unwanted modulated interfering signal may not fall inside the UE receive band, but within the first 15 MHz below or above the UE receive band.

NOTE 2: For each carrier frequency the requirement is valid for two frequencies:
a) the carrier frequency - BW/2 - F_{offset}, case 1; and
b) the carrier frequency + BW/2 + F_{offset}, case 1.

NOTE 3: $F_{\text{Interferer}}$ range values for unwanted modulated interfering signal are interferer centre frequencies.

Table 4.2.7.1.2-3: Out-of-band blocking parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
Bandwidth Configuration		6	6	6	6	7	9

NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ at the minimum uplink configuration specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3] (table 7.3.1-2 with $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ as defined in clause 6.2.5).

NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

NOTE 3: REFSENS as defined in clause 7.3.3 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

NOTE 4: For DL category M1 UE, the reference sensitivity for category M1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], tables 7.3EA-1 and 7.3EA-2 should be used as REFSENS for the power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration.

NOTE 5: For DL category M1 UE, the parameters for the applicable channel bandwidth apply.

Table 4.2.7.1.2-4: Out-of-band blocking

E-UTRA band	Parameter	Units	Frequency		
			Range 1	Range 2	Range 3
	$P_{\text{Interferer}}$	dBm	-44	-30	-15
1, 3, 7, 8, 20, 22, 28, 31, 33, 34, 38, 40, 41, 42 (note 2), 43 (note 2), 65, 68, 72, 87, 88	$F_{\text{Interferer}}$ (CW)	MHz	$F_{\text{DL_low}} - 15$ to $F_{\text{DL_low}} - 60$ $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 15$ to $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 60$	$F_{\text{DL_low}} - 60$ to $F_{\text{DL_low}} - 85$ $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 60$ to $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 85$	$F_{\text{DL_low}} - 85$ to 1 MHz $F_{\text{DL_high}} + 85$ to +12 750 MHz

NOTE 1: Range 3 shall be tested only with the highest channel bandwidth.

NOTE 2: The power level of the interferer ($P_{\text{Interferer}}$) for Range 3 shall be modified to -20 dBm for $F_{\text{Interferer}} > 2\,800$ MHz and $F_{\text{Interferer}} < 4\,400$ MHz.

Table 4.2.7.1.2-5: Narrow-band blocking

Parameter	Units	Channel Bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
P_w	dBm	$P_{\text{REFSENS}} + \text{channel-bandwidth specific value below}$					
		22	18	16	13	14	16
P_{uw} (CW)	dBm	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55	-55
F_{uw} (offset for $\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$)	MHz	0,9075	1,7025	2,7075	5,2125	7,7025	10,2075
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set a 4 dB below P_{CMAX_L} at the minimum uplink configuration specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3] (table 7.3.1-2 with P_{CMAX_L} as defined in clause 6.2.5).							
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is in clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 3: REFSENS as defined in clause 7.3.3 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 4: For DL category M1 UE, the reference sensitivity for category M1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], tables 7.3EA-1 and 7.3EA-2 should be used as P_{REFSENS} for P_w .							
NOTE 5: For DL category M1 UE, the parameters for the applicable channel bandwidth apply.							

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

For In-band blocking, the frequencies to be tested are mid range as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

For out-of-band blocking, the frequency to be tested is low or high range as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

For Narrow-band blocking, the frequencies to be tested are mid range as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidth to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1. Range 3 of out-of-band blocking is tested only with highest bandwidth.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.1 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL and DL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.6.2.4.1-1.

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §5.3.6.

Receiver spurious response

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.8:

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the out-of-band blocking limit as specified in table 4.2.7.1.2-4 is not met.

Limits

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with parameters specified in tables 4.2.8.1.2-1 and 4.2.8.1.2-2.

Table 4.2.8.1.2-1: Spurious response parameters

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
		6	6	6	6	7	9
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ at the minimum uplink configuration specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3] (table 7.3.1-2 with $P_{\text{CMAX_L}}$ as defined in clause 6.2.5).							
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 3: REFSENS as defined in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							

Table 4.2.8.1.2-2: Spurious Response

Parameter	Units	Level
$P_{\text{Interferer (CW)}}$	dBm	-44
$F_{\text{Interferer}}$	MHz	Spurious response frequencies

Test Condition

The initial conditions shall be the same as for those in out-of-band blocking in clause 5.3.6.1.1 in order to test spurious responses obtained in clause 5.3.6.1.2 under the same conditions.

Test Procedure

SS transmits PDSCH via PDCCH DCI format 1A for C_{RNTI} to transmit the DL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.6.2.4.1-1. The SS sends downlink MAC padding bits on the DL RMC.

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_{RNTI} to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.6.2.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Set the parameters of the CW signal generator for an interfering signal according to table 4.2.8.1.2-2. The spurious frequencies are taken from step 5) records in clause 5.3.6.1.1.2.

Set the downlink signal level according to the table 4.2.8.1.2-1. Send uplink power control commands to the UE (less or equal to 1 dB step size should be used), to ensure that the UE output power is within +0, -3,4 dB of the target level in table 4.2.8.1.2-1 for carrier frequency $f \leq 3,0$ GHz or within +0, -4,0 dB of the target level for carrier frequency $3,0 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 4,2 \text{ GHz}$, for at least the duration of the throughput measurement as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 7.7.

Receiver intermodulation characteristics

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.9,

Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

Limits

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with parameters specified in table 4.2.9.1.2-1 for the specified wanted signal mean power in the presence of two interfering signals.

Table 4.2.9.1.2-1: Test parameters for Wide band intermodulation

Rx Parameter	Units	Channel bandwidth					
		1,4 MHz	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration	dBm	REFSENS + channel bandwidth specific value below					
		12	8	6	6	7	9
P _{Interferer 1} (CW)	dBm	-46					
P _{Interferer 2} (Modulated)	dBm	-46					
BW _{Interferer 2}		1,4	3	5			
F _{Interferer 1} (Offset)	MHz	-BW/2 - 2,1 / +BW/2 + 2,1	-BW/2 - 4,5 / +BW/2 + 4,5	-BW/2 - 7,5 / +BW/2 + 7,5			
F _{Interferer 2} (Offset)	MHz	2 × F _{Interferer 1}					
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to 4 dB below P _{CMAX_L} at the minimum uplink configuration specified in ETSI TS 136 101 [3] (table 7.3.1-2 with P _{CMAX_L} as defined in clause 6.2.5).							
NOTE 2: Reference measurement channel is clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 3: The modulated interferer shall consist of the Reference measurement channel specified in clause A.3.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] with set-up according to clause C.3.1 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]. The interfering modulated signal is 5 MHz E-UTRA signal as described in annex C of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1] for channel bandwidth ≥ 5 MHz.							
NOTE 4: REFSENS as defined in clause 7.3.3 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].							
NOTE 5: For DL category M1 UE, the reference sensitivity for category M1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], tables 7.3EA-1 and 7.3EA-2 should be used as REFSENS for the power in Transmission Bandwidth Configuration.							
NOTE 6: For DL category M1 UE, the parameters for the applicable channel bandwidth apply, and BW refers to the corresponding channel bandwidth.							

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: mid range; see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidths to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS and interfering sources to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1, C.3.1 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.1.

The UL and DL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.8.4.1-1.

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS transmits PDSCH via PDCCH DCI format 1A for C_RNTI to transmit the DL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.8.1.4.1-1. The SS sends downlink MAC padding bits on the DL RMC.

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.8.1.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Set the Downlink signal level to the value as defined in table 4.2.9.1.2-1. Send uplink power control commands to the UE (less or equal to 1 dB step size should be used), to ensure that the UE output power is within +0, -3,4 dB of the target level in table 4.2.9.1.2-1 for carrier frequency $f \leq 3,0$ GHz or within +0, -4,0 dB of the target level for carrier frequency $3,0 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 4,2 \text{ GHz}$, for at least the duration of the throughput measurement as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Set the Interfering signal levels to the values as defined in table 4.2.9.1.2-1, using a modulated interferer bandwidth as defined in annex C of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Measure the average throughput for a duration sufficient to achieve statistical significance according to clause G.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths and operating bands.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 7.8.

Receiver spurious emissions

Applicable Standard

The spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

Limits

The measured spurious emissions derived in clause 5.3.9 shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 4.2.10.1.2-1.

Table 4.2.10.1.2-1: General receiver spurious emission requirements

Frequency Band	Measurement bandwidth	Maximum level	Note
$30 \text{ MHz} \leq f < 1 \text{ GHz}$	100 kHz	-57 dBm	
$1 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 12,75 \text{ GHz}$	1 MHz	-47 dBm	
$12,75 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 5^{\text{th}}$ harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	1 MHz	-47 dBm	Note 1
NOTE 1: Shall apply only for Band 22, 42 and Band 43.			
NOTE 2: Unused PDCCH resources are padded with resource element groups with power level given by PDCCH_RA/RB as defined in ETSI TS 136 101 [3], clause C.3.1.			

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range and high range; as specified in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Channel bandwidth to be tested: highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect a spectrum analyzer (or other suitable test equipment) to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.1.

The DL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

- 1) Sweep the spectrum analyser (or other suitable test equipment) over a frequency range from 30 MHz to 12,75 GHz and measure the average power of the spurious emissions.
- 2) Repeat step 1) for all E-UTRA Rx antennas of the UE.
- 3) Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths and operating bands.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 7.9.

Transmitter Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.11.1,

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

E-UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio ($E\text{-UTRA}_{ACLR}$) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency at nominal channel spacing. The assigned E-UTRA channel power and adjacent E-UTRA channel power are measured with rectangular filters with measurement bandwidths specified in table 6.6.2.3.3.1-1 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

UTRA Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio is specified for both the first UTRA adjacent channel ($UTRA_{ACLR1}$) and the 2nd UTRA adjacent channel ($UTRA_{ACLR2}$). The UTRA channel power is measured with a RRC bandwidth filter with roll-off factor $\alpha = 0,22$. The assigned E-UTRA channel power is measured with a rectangular filter with measurement bandwidth specified in table 4.2.11.1.2-2.

Limits

If the measured adjacent channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the measured $E\text{-UTRA}_{ACLR}$ shall be higher than the limits in table 4.2.11.1.2-1.

Table 4.2.11.1.2-1: E-UTRA UE ACLR

	Channel bandwidth/E-UTRA _{ACLR1} /measurement bandwidth					
	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
E-UTRA_{ACLR1}	29,2 dB	29,2 dB	29,2 dB	29,2 dB	29,2 dB	29,2 dB
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1,08 MHz	2,7 MHz	4,5 MHz	9,0 MHz	13,5 MHz	18 MHz
UE channel	+1,4 MHz or -1,4 MHz	+3 MHz or -3 MHz	+5 MHz or -5 MHz	+10 MHz or -10 MHz	+15 MHz or -15 MHz	+20 MHz or -20 MHz

If the measured UTRA channel power is greater than -50 dBm then the measured $UTRA_{ACLR1}$, $UTRA_{ACLR2}$ shall be higher than the limits in table 4.2.11.2-2.

Table 4.2.11.1.2-2: UTRA UE ACLR

	Channel bandwidth/UTRA _{ACLR1/2} /measurement bandwidth					
	1,4 MHz	3,0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
UTRA _{ACLR1}	32,2 dB	32,2 dB	32,2 dB	32,2 dB	32,2 dB	32,2 dB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	0,7 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -0,7 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$	1,5 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -1,5 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$	2,5 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -2,5 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$	5 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -5 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$	7,5 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -7,5 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$	10 + $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -10 - $BW_{UTRA}/2$
UTRA _{ACLR2}	-	-	35,2 dB	35,2 dB	35,2 dB	35,2 dB
Adjacent channel centre frequency offset (in MHz)	-	-	2,5 + 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -2,5 - 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$	5 + 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -5 - 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$	7,5 + 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -7,5 - 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$	10 + 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$ / -10 - 3 × $BW_{UTRA}/2$
E-UTRA channel Measurement bandwidth	1,08 MHz	2,7 MHz	4,5 MHz	9,0 MHz	13,5 MHz	18 MHz
UTRA 5 MHz channel Measurement bandwidth (see note 1)	3,84 MHz	3,84 MHz	3,84 MHz	3,84 MHz	3,84 MHz	3,84 MHz
UTRA 1,6 MHz channel measurement bandwidth (see note 2)	1,28 MHz	1,28 MHz	1,28 MHz	1,28 MHz	1,28 MHz	1,28 MHz
NOTE 1: Shall apply for E-UTRA FDD co-existence with UTRA FDD in paired spectrum. NOTE 2: Shall apply for E-UTRA TDD co-existence with UTRA TDD in unpaired spectrum. NOTE 3: BW_{UTRA} for UTRA FDD shall be 5 MHz and for UTRA TDD shall be 1,6 MHz.						

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL and TH/VH, as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range and high range; see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidth to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz, 10 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.0.

The UL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 6.6.2.3.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Send continuous uplink power control "up" commands in the uplink scheduling information to the UE to ensure that the UE transmits at P_{UMAX} level.

Measure the mean power of the UE in the channel bandwidth of the radio access mode according to the testconfiguration, which shall meet the requirements described in tables 4.2.11.1.2-1 and 4.2.11.1.2-2. The periodof the measurement shall be at least the continuous duration of one sub-frame (1 ms). For TDD slots with transient periods are not under test.

Measure the filtered mean power for E-UTRA.

Measure the filtered mean power of the first E-UTRA adjacent channel.

Measure the RRC filtered mean power of the first and the second UTRA adjacent channel.

Calculate the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 4) over step 5) for E-UTRA_{ACLR}.

Calculated the ratio of the power between the values measured in step 4) over step 6) for UTRAACLR1, UTRA_{ACLR2}.

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths, operating bands and environmental conditions.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 6.6.2.3.

Receiver Reference Sensitivity Level

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 301 908-13 V13.3.1 (2024-10) §4.2.12, Reference sensitivity measures the UE's ability to receive data with a given average throughput for a specified reference measurement channel, under conditions of low signal level, ideal propagation and no added noise.

A UE unable to meet the throughput requirement under these conditions will decrease the effective coverage area of an e-NodeB.

Limits

The throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channels as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses A.2.2, A.2.3 and A.3.2 (with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD for the DL-signal as described in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1) with parameters specified in table 4.2.12.1.2-1 and table 7.3.3-2 in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Table 4.2.12.1.2-1: Reference sensitivity QPSK P_{REFSENS}

E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth						Duplex Mode
	1,4 MHz (dBm)	3 MHz (dBm)	5 MHz (dBm)	10 MHz (dBm)	15 MHz (dBm)	20 MHz (dBm)	
1	-	-	-99,3	-96,3	-94,5	-93,3	FDD
3	-101,0	-98,0	-96,3	-93,3	-91,5	-90,3	FDD
7	-	-	-97,3	-94,3	-92,5	-91,3	FDD
8	-101,5	-98,5	-96,3	-93,3	-	-	FDD
20	-	-	-96,3	-93,3	-90,5	-89,3	FDD
22	-	-	-96,0	-93,0	-91,2	-90,0	FDD
28	-	-99,5	-97,8	-94,8	-93,0	-90,3	FDD
31	-98,3	-95,0	-92,8	-	-	-	FDD
33	-	-	-99,3	-96,3	-94,5	-93,3	TDD
34	-	-	-99,3	-96,3	-94,5	-	TDD
38	-	-	-99,3	-96,3	-94,5	-93,3	TDD
40	-	-	-99,3	-96,3	-94,5	-93,3	TDD
41	-	-	-97,3	-94,3	-92,5	-91,3	TDD
42	-	-	-98,0	-95,0	-93,2	-92,0	TDD
43	-	-	-98,0	-95,0	-93,2	-92,0	TDD
65	-103,5	-100,5	-98,8	-95,8	-94,0	-92,8	FDD
68	-	-	-97,8	-94,8	-93,0	-	FDD
72	-98,3	-95,0	-92,8	-	-	-	FDD
87	-98,3	-95,0	-92,8	-	-	-	FDD
88	-98,3	-95,0	-92,8	-	-	-	FDD
NOTE 1: The transmitter shall be set to maximum output power level (ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3.5-2).							
NOTE 2: The reference measurement channel is specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause A.3.2 with one sided dynamic OCNG Pattern OP.1 FDD/TDD as described in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses A.5.1.1 and A.5.2.1.							
NOTE 3: The signal power is specified per port.							

The reference receive sensitivity (REFSENS) requirement specified in table 4.2.12.1.2-1 shall be met for an uplink transmission bandwidth less than or equal to that specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3.5-2.

Test Condition

Test Environment: normal, TL/VL, TL/VH, TH/VL, TH/VH; as specified in annex B.

Frequencies to be tested: low range, mid range and high range; see ETSI TS 136 508 [2].

Channel bandwidth to be tested: lowest, 5 MHz and highest channel bandwidth as defined in ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.3.1.

Uplink/Downlink configurations: as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]:

Connect the SS to the UE to the UE antenna connectors.

The parameter settings for the cell are set up according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 4.4.3.

Downlink signals are initially set up according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clauses C.0, C.1 and C.3.0 and uplink signals according to clauses H.1 and H.3.1.

The UL and DL Reference Measurement channels are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3.4.1-1.

Propagation conditions are set according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause B.0.

Ensure the UE is in State 3A-RF according to ETSI TS 136 508 [2], clause 5.2A.2.

NOTE: When reference is made to test set up, call set up and test mode, guidance on the applicability of these can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], ETSI TS 136 508 [2] and ETSI TS 136 509 [i.10] respectively.

Test Procedure

SS transmits PDSCH via PDCCH DCI format 1A for C_RNTI to transmit the DL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3.4.1-1. The SS sends downlink MAC padding bits on the DL RMC.

SS sends uplink scheduling information for each UL HARQ process via PDCCH DCI format 0 for C_RNTI to schedule the UL RMC according to ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], table 7.3.4.1-1. Since the UE has no payload data to send, the UE transmits uplink MAC padding bits on the UL RMC.

Set the Downlink signal level to the appropriate REFSENS value defined in table 4.2.12.1.2-1. Send Continuously uplink power control "up" commands in the uplink scheduling information to the UE to ensure the UE transmits PUMAX level for at least the duration of the Throughput measurement. (Obtain correct UE output power as specified in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1]).

Measure the average throughput for duration sufficient to achieve statistical significance according to clause G.2 of ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1].

Repeat for applicable test frequencies, channel bandwidths and operating bands.

Details of the test method can be found in ETSI TS 136 521-1 [1], clause 7.3.

TEST DATA AND RESULTS

Radiated Emissions

Environmental Conditions

Temperature (°C)	24.9-25.8	Relative Humidity (%)	48-51
ATM Pressure (kPa):	100.3-100.6	Test engineer:	Anson Su & Wing K Ji
Test date:	2026.03.27-2026.03.30		
EUT operation mode:	Transmitting/Idle		
Note:	Test Result: Compliant, Pre-test with low, middle, high channel, the worst case is middle channel as below		

Traffic Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	EN 301 908-1	
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)		Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Band 1								
80.54	42.65	H	-71.74	0.75	0.00	-70.99	-36.00	34.99
175.52	30.07	V	-73.99	0.84	0.00	-73.15	-36.00	37.15
3900.00	60.42	H	-53.18	1.7	9.6	-45.28	-30.00	15.28
3900.00	62.76	V	-50.84	1.7	9.6	-42.94	-30.00	12.94
Band 3								
80.54	43.49	H	-70.90	0.75	0.00	-70.15	-36.00	34.15
179.62	29.26	V	-74.80	0.84	0.00	-73.96	-36.00	37.96
3495.00	69.69	H	-43.81	1.8	9.7	-35.91	-30.00	5.91
3495.00	67.52	V	-45.68	1.8	9.7	-37.78	-30.00	7.78
Band 7								
80.43	42.22	H	-72.17	0.75	0.00	-71.42	-36.00	35.42
175.22	29.66	V	-74.40	0.84	0.00	-73.56	-36.00	37.56
5070.00	50.39	H	-62.21	2.6	10.6	-54.21	-30.00	24.21
5070.00	51.22	V	-60.78	2.6	10.6	-52.78	-30.00	22.78
Band 8								
80.81	42.32	H	-72.07	0.75	0.00	-71.32	-36.00	35.32
176.36	29.92	V	-74.14	0.84	0.00	-73.30	-36.00	37.30
1795.00	47.49	H	-66.71	1.4	9.1	-59.01	-30.00	29.01
1795.00	48.50	V	-66.30	1.4	9.1	-58.60	-30.00	28.60

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	EN 301 908-1	
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)		Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Band 20								
80.43	41.90	H	-72.49	0.75	0.00	-71.74	-36.00	35.74
177.61	29.88	V	-74.18	0.84	0.00	-73.34	-36.00	37.34
1694.00	53.75	H	-60.45	1.5	8.8	-53.15	-30.00	23.15
1694.00	51.50	V	-63.20	1.5	8.8	-55.90	-30.00	25.90
Band 28								
80.65	43.38	H	-71.01	0.75	0.00	-70.26	-36.00	34.26
171.52	30.61	V	-73.45	0.84	0.00	-72.61	-36.00	36.61
1439.00	49.24	H	-65.36	1.2	8.2	-58.36	-30.00	28.36
1439.00	47.15	V	-67.95	1.2	8.2	-60.95	-30.00	30.95
Band 38								
80.54	42.84	H	-71.55	0.75	0.00	-70.80	-36.00	34.80
177.68	29.79	V	-74.27	0.84	0.00	-73.43	-36.00	37.43
5190.00	51.99	H	-60.51	2.4	10.6	-52.31	-30.00	22.31
5190.00	54.77	V	-57.33	2.4	10.6	-49.13	-30.00	19.13
Band 40								
80.39	42.17	H	-72.22	0.75	0.00	-71.47	-36.00	35.47
166.96	30.81	V	-73.25	0.84	0.00	-72.41	-36.00	36.41
4700.00	50.21	H	-62.89	2.1	10.4	-54.59	-30.00	24.59
4700.00	50.10	V	-62.50	2.1	10.4	-54.20	-30.00	24.20

Note 1: The unit of antenna gain is dBd for frequency below 1GHz and is dBi for frequency above 1GHz.

Note 2:

Absolute Level = Substituted Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain

Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

Idle Mode

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	EN 301 908-1	
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)		Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Band 1								
80.96	42.32	H	-72.07	0.75	0.00	-71.32	-57.00	14.32
156.54	31.13	V	-72.93	0.84	0.00	-72.09	-57.00	15.09
1546.32	49.01	H	-65.59	1.20	8.20	-58.59	-47.00	11.59
1254.84	49.57	V	-65.73	1.00	7.30	-59.43	-47.00	12.43
Band 3								
80.43	41.55	H	-72.84	0.75	0.00	-72.09	-57.00	15.09
154.82	30.89	V	-73.17	0.84	0.00	-72.33	-57.00	15.33
1218.95	52.08	H	-62.52	1.10	6.70	-56.92	-47.00	9.92
1418.95	49.67	V	-65.63	0.90	7.80	-58.73	-47.00	11.73
Band 7								
80.65	41.72	H	-72.67	0.75	0.00	-71.92	-57.00	14.92
165.52	29.84	V	-74.22	0.84	0.00	-73.38	-57.00	16.38
1519.64	49.29	H	-65.31	1.20	8.20	-58.31	-47.00	11.31
1484.92	49.27	V	-65.83	1.20	8.20	-58.83	-47.00	11.83
Band 8								
80.64	41.83	H	-72.56	0.75	0.00	-71.81	-57.00	14.81
162.85	30.39	V	-73.67	0.84	0.00	-72.83	-57.00	15.83
1219.63	51.35	H	-62.85	1.10	6.70	-57.25	-47.00	10.25
1543.62	48.85	V	-66.25	1.20	8.20	-59.25	-47.00	12.25
Band 20								
80.62	42.05	H	-72.34	0.75	0.00	-71.59	-57.00	14.59
158.96	31.05	V	-73.01	0.84	0.00	-72.17	-57.00	15.17
1316.92	51.60	H	-62.80	1.00	7.30	-56.50	-47.00	9.50
1246.92	51.51	V	-63.39	1.10	6.70	-57.79	-47.00	10.79
Band 28								
80.53	38.22	H	-76.17	0.75	0.00	-75.42	-57.00	18.42
162.84	30.78	V	-73.28	0.84	0.00	-72.44	-57.00	15.44
1281.66	51.09	H	-63.31	1.00	7.30	-57.01	-47.00	10.01
1319.62	50.58	V	-64.32	1.10	6.70	-58.72	-47.00	11.72

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Polar (H / V)	Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	EN 301 908-1	
			Substituted Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi/dBd)		Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Band 38								
80.36	39.68	H	-74.71	0.75	0.00	-73.96	-57.00	16.96
162.81	30.58	V	-73.48	0.84	0.00	-72.64	-57.00	15.64
1319.61	50.85	H	-63.55	1.00	7.30	-57.25	-47.00	10.25
1248.65	51.34	V	-63.56	1.10	6.70	-57.96	-47.00	10.96
Band 40								
80.65	42.57	H	-71.82	0.75	0.00	-71.07	-57.00	14.07
170.48	29.55	V	-74.51	0.84	0.00	-73.67	-57.00	16.67
1428.19	47.94	H	-66.36	0.90	7.80	-59.46	-47.00	12.46
1518.94	49.76	V	-65.34	1.20	8.20	-58.34	-47.00	11.34

Note 1: The unit of antenna gain is dBd for frequency below 1GHz and is dBi for frequency above 1GHz.

Note 2:

Absolute Level = Substituted Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain

Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

RF Conducted data

Temperature (°C)	22.9~23.9	Relative Humidity (%)	47~57
ATM Pressure (kPa):	100.2-100.7	Test engineer:	Ciel Jiang
Test date:	2026.04.23~2026.04.28		
EUT operation mode:	Transmitting/Receiving		

Test Result: Compliant, please refer to Appendix C.

EXHIBIT A - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

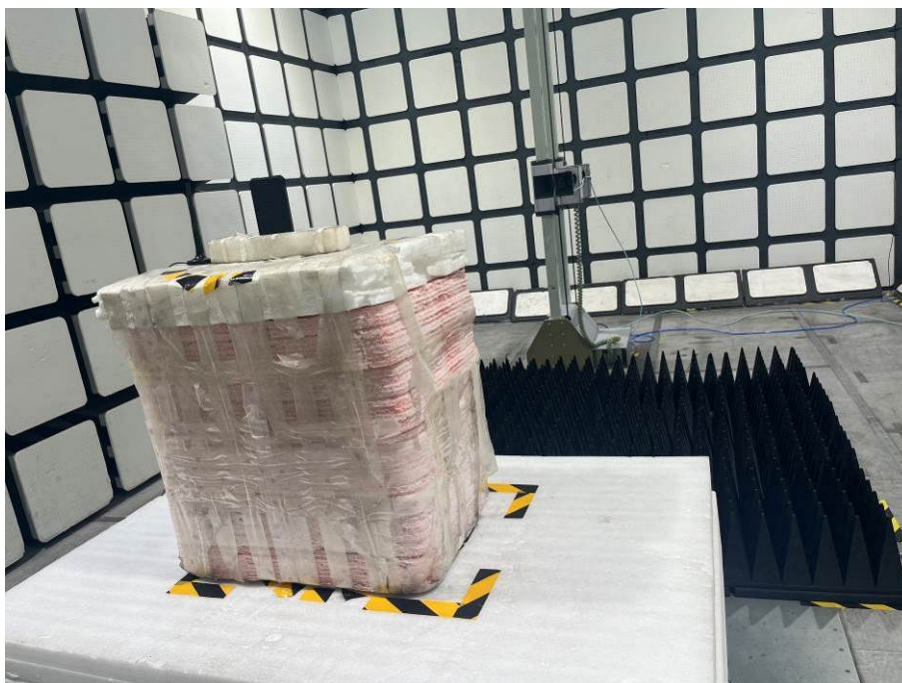
Please refer to the report number is 2601R49433E-EUT.

EXHIBIT B - TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test View (Below 1GHz)



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test View (Above 1GHz)



*******END OF REPORT*******